Publication: Guardian 1821-2000; Date: Sep 29, 1979; Section: None; Page: 6

Khomeini orchestrates attack by clergy

Iran oil chief replaced 'treason' charges

From UPI in Tehran 🔧 🛬

The Prime Minister, Mr Bazargan, yesterday sacked Iran's controversial chief oil executive, Mr Hassan Nazih, and named a new Oil Minister to take charge of all oil, gas and petrochemical industries.

Mr Nazih has been under attack from the clerical leadership for refusing to purge the industry's 40,000 workers-but he was not said directly to be dismissed in a State radio broadcast, by Mr Bazargan.

Mr Bazargan Instead, announced that the new Minister. Mr Ali Akbar Moinfar, will, concurrently with his Cabinet responsibility for oil, take over as chairman and managing director of the oil, gas and petrochemical companies merged in to the new Ministry.

Mr Nazih became chairman and managing director of the National Iranian Oil Company duction and export of crude oil Party (KDP) and warned that, last March, after the winter strike that led to the Shah's downfall. Earlier yesterday Mr Nazih, a French-educated lawyer, as ordered by the prosecutor-general, Mr Qoddousi to appear in court to answer charges stemming from com-plaints by the oil company workers.

Ayatollah Khomeini in a subsequent decree ordered his Prime Minister to ensure that Mr Nazih appeared in court this morning. The Ayatollah also warned that he would be tried if sufficient evidence was available against him. It was not clear what specific charges were made by Mr Nazih's cri-tics among the "numerous tics among the "numerous complaints" said to have been filed with the Prosecutor-General's office.

last remaining rebel strong- that Islamic guardsmen loyal holds three weeks ago in the to Ayatollah Khomeini be holds three weeks ago in the to western province of Kurdestan. pul It was not known if the four executed men were Kurds.

before daybreak in Mahabad. by Sheikh Khalkhali, the Islamic judge who has condemned nearly 80 Kurds to death. Three of the executed men were found guilty of 'contacts counterrevolutionaries '. with and the fourth of 'moral offences.

The Sheikh flew into Mahabad after more unrest was reported in Kurdestan. Before embarking on his Islamic mission. Sheikh Khalkhali issued a communique banning all de-monstrations supporting the outlawed Kurdish Democratic once again, counterrevolu-tionaries were stirring up trouble to 'colour Kurdestan with the blood of our country's children.

carries the maximum sentence originally centred on demands of death by firing squad.

Liz Thurgood adds: Four last month's battles with the Iranians were executed yesterday following some of the worst violence since the armed forces recaptured the last remaining rehal strong last last month's battles with the armed forces, they have since the mands that the ban on the Kurdish leaders be lifted and last remaining rehal strong last leaders be lifted and pulled out of the province.

was not known if the four Senior Kurdish sources do not rule out the possibility of The executions took place new negotiations with the Government. Earlier attempt, were after summary trials supervised broken off nearly four weeks ago, when the armed forces entered Mahabad.

But, say the Kurds, the opening of any new negotiations would depend, on a prior commitment from the Government to meet a three-point list of Kurdish demands. In addition to the withdrawal of all non-Kurdish Islamic guardsmen from the area, the Kurds want the Government to declare a ceasefire and lift the ban on their leaders.

Islamic groups within the oil . According

Kurdish ·to company have demanded that sources in Tehran, three died Mr Nazih be tried as a coun- and 20 were wounded when a terrevolutionary. The charge dhand grenade was tossed into a 10,000-strong protest march in Mahabad on Wednesday morning. The attacker, believed to be a member of the Islamic guardsmen, was stabbed to death by enraged Kurds and several guardsmen were also taken hostage.

The Kurdish version of the incident differs substantially from the government's. According to the evening naper, Kay-han, the grenade was thrown into a vehicle carrying Islamic guardsmen and flung back at the marchers before exploding. About 50 KDP members were later reported to have been arrested.

The troubles in Kurdestan

The Kurds denied Government claims repeated Thursday's press by the governor-general of Kermanshah, that Iraq was interfering in Iran's internal, affairs by sending large numbers of trained guerrillas into Kurdestan to undertake large-scale sabotage.' The Kurds were receiving no aid from foreign governments said a spokesman but the Kurdish people of both Iraq and Turkey were supplying the Iranian Kurds with food and medicine.

Mahabad itself was reported to be quiet over the Iranian weekend. But most stores in the bazaar remained closed, despite warnings televised locally that shopkeepers who refused to open their stalls would be considered Mofsedfel'arz (corrupt on earth).

In a strongly-worded editor-ial, The Iranian, a weekly magazine, has accused the central authorities of trying "to sweep the minorities under the prayer rug."