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Fear of Execution

12 December 1988

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Yadollah SOHRAB-ZADEH

A(C)(00) 6843). XX Since July, Amnesty International has recorded the names of hundreds of political prisoners, members or supporters of many opposition factions, executed or in danger of execution in Iran. Among them are prisoners of conscience, prisoners serving sentences of imprisonment, or whose terms of imprisonment had expired without their being released, and prisoners who had never been tried or sentenced. The organization has now received reports that the 26 prisoners named above are among those at risk of execution.

All 26 are supporters of the banned People's Mojahedine Organization of Iran. Most were serving terms of imprisonment ranging from two to 30 years; several had apparently been released after serving prison sentences and have been rearrested and are now under threat of execution. It is not known whether any of them have been re-tried, and Amnesty International has a consistent body of evidence that trials of political prisoners in Iran are summary and unfair, often lasting less than ten minutes. The accused has no defence counsel of any kind, and there is no right of appeal against conviction or sentence.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Telexes/telegrams/airmail letters

- urging that any death sentence passed on any of the above be commuted, and all executions in Iran be brought to an immediate halt;
- expressing deep regret at the very large number of executions which have taken place in Iran since July, and asking for details of the procedures under which those executed were tried and convicted.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Do NOT mention the People's Mojahedine Organization in your appeals, some of which should be in a personal or professional capacity.

Telephone 01-833 1771 Telegrams: Amnesty London WC1 Telex: 28502

Amnesty International is an independent worldwide movement working for the international protection of human rights. It seeks the release of men and women detained anywhere because of their beliefs, colour, sex, ethnic origin, language or religious creed, provided they have not used or advocated violence. These are termed prisoners of conscience. It works for fair and prompt trials for all political prisoners and works on behalf of such people detained without charge or trial. It opposes the death penalty and torture or other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment of all prisoners.

APPEALS TO:

H.E. Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani Speaker of the Islamic Consultative Assembly Majles-e Shuraye Eslami Imam Khomeini Avenue Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran

Telegrams: Speaker, Majles-e Shura, Tehran, Iran

Telexes: 212450 ext ir 212600 ext ir 214242 ext ir

H.E. Ayatollah Abdulkarim Musavi Ardebili Chief Justice and President of the Supreme Judicial Council Ministry of Justice Park-e Shahr, Tehran Islamic Republic of Iran

Telegrams: Chief Justice, Tehran, Iran

Telexes: 214231 miti ir 213113 prim ir

marked for attention Chief Justice

COPIES TO

H.E. Ali Akbar Velayati Minister of Foreign Affairs Sheik Abdolmajid Avenue Koosh-e Mesri Tehran Islamic Republic of Iran

and to diplomatic representatives of Iran in your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 30 January 1988.

- Please take action as soon as you receive this Urgent Action appeal. Carefully read the recommended action. If possible, send a telegram or express letter immediately to one or more of the addresses given. Other letters can be sent afterwards.
- Telegrams and letters should be brief and courteous. Stress that your concern for human rights is not in any way politically partisan. Refer to relevant provisions in international law, such as the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights:
 - Article 3 "Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person."
 - Article 5 "No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment."
 - Article 9 "No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention or exile."

- The name of Amnesty International may be used, although letters written in a private or personal capacity may be more effective.
- Copies of appeals should be sent to relevant diplomatic representatives in your country.
- In Urgent Action cases, Amnesty International has to act rapidly to prevent the ill-treatment of prisoners. An appeal is issued when Amnesty International believes it has received reliable and accurate information in such cases. It is not always possible to verify all details independently and in some instances the situation outlined in the appeal may change. Urgent Action participants are always notified of any significant new facts.
- Copies of any replies received from government authorities should be sent immediately to your section's Urgent Action coordinator or direct to the Campaign and Membership Department of the International Secretariat. If appropriate, thank the official who has replied and ask to be kept informed about the case.