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KDPI on the Islamic Republic of Iran's Presidential Elections

30/06/2005 KDPI Following much speculations and anticipation regarding the so-called ninth presidential elections in Iran, It was announced in the early Saturday morning of June 25th, 2005 that Mahmoud Ahmadinejad, the Mayor of Tehran with 17 million votes has defeated his only rival Hashemi Rafsanjani in the run-off , and found his way to the presidential palace. Ahmadinejad was trailing at the bottom of many polls conducted. In the first round, he earned 5 million votes, and in the run-off, apparently his share of votes was more than tripled to 17 million.

By means of colossal and illegal expenses, the intrusion of the Supreme Leader's son and other influential state organs, the militias, the security forces, revolutionary guards and etc... that according to the regime's constitution have no meddling rights in the electoral process, phony figures and other schemes where the regime posses quite a lot of expertise in, a candidate emerged from the elections that is one of the most extremist element of the hardliners camp. According to ILNA news agency, he had stated that "we have a mission to expand the Islamic Republic globally."

Such a person intertwined in the office of Supreme Leadership, aside from being not elected in an ordinary election, he has been directly involved in the murder of Dr. Abdul Rahman Ghassemlou, then the Secretary-general of Democratic Party of Iranian Kurdistan(PDKI), and Abdullah Ghaderi-azar then a member of PDKI Central Committee. This carnage was carried out in Vienna, Austrian Capital in 1989 by the terrorist agents of the Islamic Republic of Iran in a meeting that was apparently set up, with the Iranian authorities' request, to negotiate the national demands of Kurds in Iranian Kurdistan.

According to sources, for the execution of such a terrorist act two groups were prepared: Ahmadinejad, aside from being responsible for the coordination between the assassins group and the so-called negotiators, he was a member of the second terror team, and he was also in charge of arm supply required for the groups. It should be noted that his involvement in this terrorist operation is not his only act of killing and terror, rather, he has been suspected of other killings especially when he was in charge of the special revolutionary guards in the western part of the country.

Such a terrorist figure and killer can not represent the people of Iran as a president; rather he must be tried in a just and an impartial tribunal. Therefore, we consider establishing or continuing international relations via such a known assassin to be in contrary to all the international norms, to promote terrorism and inflict further injustice on the people of Iran.

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